FabricAir® JetFlow™



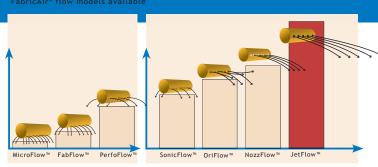






FabricAir® flow models available





FabricAir®'s JetFlow™ with built-in Jet-diffusers provide exceptionally long throws for large areas.

THE LONGEST THROW EVER FROM A FABRIC DUCT SYSTEM

THE JETFLOW™ ADVANTAGES

- LONGEST THROW EVER FROM A FABRIC DUCT
- PRECISE DIRECTIONAL AIR DISTRIBUTION
- APPLICABLE TO BOTH HEATING. **COOLING AND VENTILATION**
- **IDENTICAL PERFORMANCE TO CONVENTIONAL** SPOT DIFFUSERS BUT WITH MORE ADVANTA-GES
- **AVAILABLE IN VARYING DIAMETERS WHICH** ALLOWS FOR GREATER FLEXIBILITY IN DE-SIGN
- **EASY TO INSTALL AND NO BALANCING IS NECESSARY**
- **COMPETITIVELY PRICED WHEN COMPARED TO CONVENTIONAL DIFFUSERS**

JetFlow™ is capable of generating exceptional

applications. JetFlow™ is competitively priced

when compared with conventional diffusers offering accurate and reliable performance.

throws through the use of Jet-diffusers in varying diameters. This is particularly useful

in warehouses, factories and industrial

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FabricAir

FABRICAIR® JETFLOW™

11 12 1 10 1 1 1 9 - - 3 8 7 1 5

Fig. 1. Flexible position Rows of Jet-diffusers are placed at the desired position (indicated using a dial) around the circumference. FabricAir engineers help design the optimum position for each application.

$V_2 > V_1$ V_1 V_2

V=velocity P_{st}=static pressure

Fig. 2. JetFlow™ accelerates air

JetFlow™ increases the throw length by accelerating the flow of air through the reduced diameter of the opening formed by the Jet-diffuser.

JetFlow[™] jet-diffuser Ordinary orifice v=x hot v=x iso v=x cold v=velocity

FABRICAIR® DISPERSION SYSTEMS

Fig. 3. Comparison of JetFlow™ and ordinary orifices

Air outlet from duct via JetFlow™ and ordinary orifice. Each shown in three conditions: hot, isothermal or cold.

Characteristics

Performance

- □ Long throw
 By accelerating the outlet air,
 FabricAir® JetFlow™ provides a longer throw not usually achieved using a conventional orifice.
 This allows for longer throws not previously available in fabric duct systems (fig. 3).
- Large air volumes
 JetFlow[™] supply air volumes
 ranging from 73-2874 m³/h
 [43-1691 cfm] (fig. 9).
- Predictable air zones
 Jet-diffusers supply a stable air
 volume calculated by FabricAir
 engineers to optimize every part of the room.
- □ Hot air
 Even in heating applications
 JetFlow™ can generate very long throws (fig. 5).

- □ Quiet
 NC level from 20 to 35 (fig. 9).
- □ Accuracy
 JetFlow[™] accelerates and accurately
 throws the air perpendicular to the duct
 creating longer throws than conventional orifices (fig. 7).

System design

- Supply Air
 JetFlow™ distributes cold, hot and ambient air.
- □ Custom Design
 JetFlow™ is customized by FabricAir®
 engineers for each project with individualized dimensions, location and number of Jet-diffusers (fig. 4).
- Flexible position
 Rows of Jet-diffusers can be placed
 anywhere on the circumference of the
 duct (fig. 1).

Installation

- Connect with zippers
 The Jet-diffusers are easily mounted using zippers (fig. 8).
- No balancing required
 Both the Jet-diffusers and the duct
 system are self-balancing and need no
 extra balancing unlike a conventional
 diffuser or some competing fabric
 ducts. Once it is operational, the duct
 system and the Jet-diffusers are ready
 to go.

Continued...

Fig. 4. Throw length

FabricAir engineers will assist in designing the size of the FabricAir Jetdiffusers, air flow, throw, outlet velocity, angle and the deflection (fig. 6).

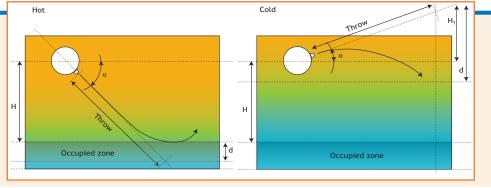
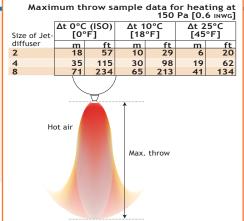


Fig. 5. Maximum throw, heating FabricAir® engineers will assist in calculating the flow, size, throw (isothermal, cooling or heating), pressure drops and sound levels, as well as system characteristics.



FABRICAIR® DISPERSION SYSTEMS

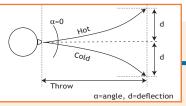


Fig. 6. What is deflection? Positive deflection (hot) is a result of hot air. Negative deflection (cold) is a result of cold air.

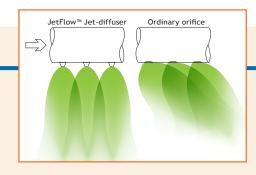


Fig. 7. Comparison of JetFlow™ and ordinary orifices

Supply air from conventional orifices is pulled along the length of the duct reducing throw. This is not the case using JetFlow™ where supply air is perpendicular to the duct creating longer throws.

Features

- □ Colors The JetFlow™ Jet-diffusers and the duct are made out of the very same fabric. Colors therefore match (alternative
- □ No condensation Condensation will not form on Jet-diffusers.

colors are optional).

- Laundering JetFlow™ Jet-diffusers are easily unzipped before laundering.
- □ Zip-in JetCap (air barrier) Shut off an individual Jet-diffuser if required (optional) just by inserting a Zip-in JetCap (fig. 8).

Application examples

- Airport terminals
- Manufacturing facilities
- Warehouses
- Sports facilities
- Distribution centers
- □ Heavy-duty industrial applications

A ZIP-IN JETCAP MAKES IT POSSIBLE TO SHUT OFF THE JET-DIFFUSER.



A Zip-in JetCap Jet-diffusers to be shut off individually (optional).

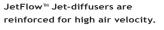


Insert Zip-in JetCap (optional) to shut off.

Zipper for a Zip-in JetCap or Jet-diffuser.

General Installation JetFlow™'s engineered and integrated rows of

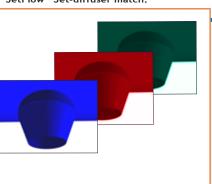
Jet-diffusers are easy to install. The fabric color is dyed by the manufacturer and needs no extra coloring or painting. The system is self balancing so no extra time for balancing is needed. When operational the system is ready for immediate use.

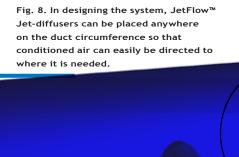


Designed to always be stretched

Sealed seams without the loss of any fibers.

Fabric color for the duct and the JetFlow™ Jet-diffuser match.





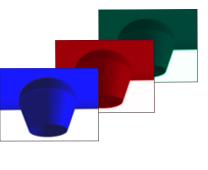
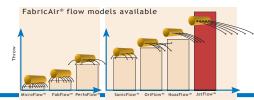




Fig. 9.



Flow model characteristics:

Flow principle:	Mixing or spot						
Supply air:	Isothermal, cold and hot air						
Exit velocity:	10-16 m/s [1900-3100 ft/m]						
Throw type:	High						

JetFlow™

JetFlow™ is a Jet-diffuser suitable for supplying air to large areas where long throws and large volumes of air are required. JetFlow™ can be used for isothermal, heating and cooling applications. A JetFlow™ Jet-diffuser accelerates the air velocity providing a longer throw. The number of Jet-diffusers and the diameter and position on the duct are factory engineered.



‡Fig. 10a and 10b.

Example of throw

lengths from a JetFlow™

Jet-diffuser at three

velocities.

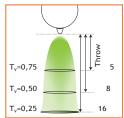


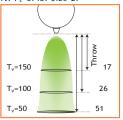
Fig. 10a. Isothermal air supply. T_v in m/s. Throw in m. P_s = 120. Size 2.

TECHNICAL DATA

		;HNIGAL VATA Tric							
		Static pressure [Pa]	60	90	120	150			
	D	Exit velocity (approx.) [m/s]	10 12		14	16			
Size	[mm]	Terminal velocity [m/s]	0,25 0,50 0,75	0,25 0,50 0,75	0,25 0,50 0,75	0,25 0,50 0,75			
2	51	Throw [m]	11 6 4 73	14 7 5	16 8 5	18 9 6			
		Air volume [m³/h] NC Level	<20	21	23	115 24			
3	75	Throw [m] Air volume [m³/h] NC Level	17 8 6	20 10 7	24 12 8	26 13 9			
			164	200	231 25	259 27			
4	102								
4	102	Throw [m] Air volume [m³/h] NC Level	22 11 8	27 14 9 356	31 16 11 411	35 18 12 460			
			22	27	30	33			
5	127	Throw [m] Air volume [m³/h] NC Level	28 14 10	34 17 12	39 20 13	44 22 15			
			454	557	643	718			
			22	28	31	33			
6	152	Throw [m] Air volume [m³/h] NC Level	34 17 12	41 21 14	47 24 16	53 27 18			
			654	801	915	1035			
			23	29	32	34			
8	203	Throw [m]	46 23 16	55 28 19	64 33 22	71 36 25			
		Air volume [m³/h] NC Level	1163	1425	1645	1839			
			24	29	32	34			
10	254	Air volume [m³/h]	58 30 21	70 36 25	81 42 29	90 46 32			
			1818	2226	2570	2874 35			
		NC Level	25	31	33				
	Data are based on single Jet-diffusers' isothermal air supply (fig. 10a).								

		CHNICAL DA	TA												
		Static pressure [InWg] D Exit velocity (approx.) [ft/m]		0.24 1900		0.36 2400		0.48 2700		0.60 3100					
Size	[in		Terminal velocity [ft/m]	50	100	150	50	100	150	50	100		50	100	150
2	2	2 Throw [ft] CFM		36 18 12 4 43		45 22 15 52		51 26 17 61		57 29 19 68					
		NC Level		<20		21		23		24					
3	3	Throw [ft]		55	27	18	67	34	22	77	39	26	86	43	29
		CFM	96			118		136		152					
		NC Level		20			21		25		27				
4	4	Throw [ft]		73	37	25	89	45	30	103	52	35	115	58	39
		CFM	171		210		242		271						
		NC Level			22		27		30		33				
5	5	Throw [ft]		92	46	31	112	57	38	129	65	44	145	73	49
		CFM	267		327		378		423						
		NC Level		22			28		31		33				
6	6	Throw [ft] CFM	111	56	38	135	68	46	156	79	53	174	88	59	
			385		472		545		609						
		NC Level			23			29			32			34	
8	8	Throw [ft] CFM	149	77	52	182	93	63	210	107	72	234	119	81	
			685		838		968		1082						
		NC Level			24			29			32			34	
10	10	Throw [ft] CFM	190	99	69	231	119	82	265	137	94	295	152	104	
			1070		1310		1513		1691						
		NC Level		25			31				33 35 ' isothermal air supply (fig. 10b).				
				Data a	are bas	ed on	single	Jet-di	ffusers	' isoth	ermal	air sup	pply (f	ig. 10b	ı).

Fig 10b. Isothermal air supply. T_{ν} in ft/m. Throw in ft. P_s =0.48. Size 2.



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